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Representation is rising in all stages of optometry

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4 WAYS TO COUNTER KIDS’ EXAM ANXIETY

Kids aren't thrilled with doctor visits and their ensuing fear can detract from parents’ interactions with the care team.

In a report released by the C.S. Mott Children's Hospital National Poll on Children's Health, half of surveyed parents said their child feared doctors’ visits, while 1 in 5 parents reported the resulting struggle to calm those anxieties made it difficult to concentrate on what the health care provider was saying. The poll oriented toward general pediatric visits where preventive care services such as immunizations drove most children’s fears (66 percent); however, the report primed insights that can help both patients and doctors of optometry ensure young children have an easier experience during their first eye exams.

Aside from shots, stranger anxiety was the next most-cited reason for children 2-3 and 4-5 years of age to fear doctor visits (43 and 14 percent, respectively), and that fear didn't waver based on whether the child saw the same doctor or not each visit, the survey says.

Looking fear in the eye
It’s natural for young children to feel apprehensive toward doctor visits, especially when shots are involved. However, children may not make a distinction between the optometrist’s or pediatrician’s office. Shots aren’t typical of pediatric eye exams, yet there are analogous anxiety drivers for children with which many doctors of optometry are familiar.

“Definitely tonometry,” says Katherine Schuetz, O.D., an InfantSEE® provider and owner of a pediatric eye care practice in Carmel, Indiana. “But there’s also fear of reading the letters wrong, or saying the wrong thing and ending up in glasses unnecessarily. Well-meaning parents will even coach their kids about being honest when reading the shapes or letters correctly, so the doctor will know if you need glasses, which make the kids too nervous to say anything.”

How does Dr. Schuetz calm those little nerves? It helps to have a little fun. The entire patient experience, from the waiting room to the exam chair, caters specifically to her target patient group, infancy through age 13. There’s an arcade game in one corner and colorful,
4 ways to conquer kids’ exam fears

Interested in expanding your practice to include pediatric care or simply searching for practice pearls that can help ease kids’ anxieties during an exam? Dr. Schuetz offers four tips that help her and her staff make the most of the available chair time with minimal fuss.

1. **Communication, first and foremost.** This applies not only to pediatric exams but a calm, cheerful and enthusiastic voice also sets the tone for any exam, Dr. Schuetz says. Likewise, be sure to clearly state what will happen before you do it. “Kids are nervous because they don’t know what to expect,” Dr. Schuetz says. “At every step, give a quick, age-appropriate explanation of the instrument you are using and what it does. Even a toddler feels better if they see how bright the light is first and know what you’re going to do with it.”

2. **Throw pre-testing under the bus.** “Not really,” Dr. Schuetz jokes. “But, typically the instruments are the most intimidating part of the exam process for kids, so once they’ve gone through pre-testing you can assure them that the exam room is easy.” If a child does successfully complete pre-testing, reinforce how well they’ve done and that “the hard stuff is over.”

3. **Stretch the truth.** It sounds counter-intuitive to the first point, but sometimes doctors must do the best with what they’ve got. If a child is particularly afraid of pre-testing, try asking them to look in and find a specific color or picture that isn’t really there. “They’ll look harder and longer to try and find whatever you tell them they should see,” Dr. Schuetz offers. As a result, you’ll have a few extra moments of their attention.

4. **Consider changing it up.** If all else fails and the patient is too afraid, simply get on their level. Make the patient as comfortable as possible and “start with the easy stuff.” Try the “target setting” on your ophthalmoscope and shine the light around the room, or “put a cartoon on the digital chart while you do Bruckner and Hirschberg testing,” Dr. Schuetz says. “You don’t have to be as intimidatingly close, and they forget to be nervous when they’re watching Disney movies.” —Will Pinkston

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